



Crop and Livestock Producers: Different Sentiment, Similar Concerns and Challenges

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Crop and livestock producers reported different views of the agricultural economy in the July 2026 Purdue University-CME Group *Ag Economy Barometer* (AEB) survey. Livestock farmers expressed stronger sentiment than crop producers, particularly regarding current economic conditions. Despite these differences, producers in both groups identified many of the same concerns, educational needs, and long-term challenges. This article compares sentiment among crop and livestock farms and examines the factors limiting their financial performance, their most pressing concerns, their risk management educational priorities, and the challenges they expect to face over the next five to ten years.

The Ag Economy Barometer is calculated monthly from a nationwide survey of approximately 400 U.S. agricultural producers. After three consecutive months of decline, farmer sentiment rebounded in July, with the overall index rising 13 points to 126. Both of its sub-indices also improved: the *Index of Current Conditions* climbed 20 points to 122, while the *Index of Future Expectations* increased 11 points to 129 (Langemeier and Colussi, 2026).

Producer Sentiment by Farm Type

Every month, respondents to the AEB survey are asked whether crop and livestock producers will have widespread good times or widespread bad times over the next five years. Separate questions are used for crops and livestock. These two questions are addressed to all respondents. In the July 2026 survey, 28% of respondents indicated that crop producers will have widespread good times, compared with 62% of respondents who said that livestock producers will have widespread good times.

The monthly survey also includes two questions related to livestock production. The first question asks producers whether their farm has a beef, hog, or dairy operation. The second question is addressed to respondents who answer the first question affirmatively and asks whether their livestock operation accounts for less than 25%, 25% to 50%, 50% to 75%, or more than 75% of their farm's revenue.

We used the two livestock questions from the July 2026 survey to divide survey respondents into two groups. The first group (248 farms) derived less than 50% of their revenue from livestock production, and the second group (157 farms) derived 50% or more of their revenue from livestock production.

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Producer sentiment among all respondents and for crop and livestock farms in the July 2026 survey is presented in Table 1. The average AEB index for livestock farms was 143, which was 27 points higher than the index for crop farms. The difference between the two groups was larger for current conditions than for future expectations. Crop farms were more optimistic about the future than about current conditions, while livestock farms viewed current conditions more favorably than future conditions.

Table 1. Producer Sentiment by Farm Type			
Variable	All Farms	Crop	Livestock
Ag Economy Barometer (AEB)	126	116	143
Index of Current Conditions (ICC)	122	105	148
Index of Future Expectations (IFE)	129	121	140
Farm Capital Investment Index	50	48	53
Financial Performance Index	101	98	105
Biggest Concern: Higher Input Costs	46.2%	47.7%	43.7%
Main Thing Limiting Improvement in Financial Performance (Top 3)			
High Input Costs	42.7%	42.7%	42.7%
Low Output Prices	16.0%	19.0%	11.5%
Policy Uncertainty	11.9%	14.9%	7.0%
Most Critical Risk Management Education Need (Top 3)			
Marketing	43.5%	49.2%	34.4%
Financial	16.8%	16.5%	17.2%
Strategic	14.3%	13.3%	15.9%
Biggest Challenge the Next 5 to 10 Years (Top 3)			
Crop or Livestock Prices	30.1%	28.2%	33.1%
Farm Transition	16.8%	14.6%	20.4%
Financial Considerations	13.3%	14.5%	11.5%
Increase in Exports in Next 5 Years	41.7%	40.3%	43.9%
New Foreign Export Markets will Open in the Next 5 Years	55.8%	54.8%	57.3%
U.S. Headed in the Right Direction	53.8%	52.8%	55.4%
Number of Farms	405	248	157
Source: Purdue Center for Commercial Agriculture, Ag Economy Barometer Survey, July 2026 farmdocDAILY			

The Farm Capital Investment Index measures whether respondents think now it is a good time or a bad time to make farm investments, such as purchases of machinery and buildings. An index below 100 indicates that more respondents think it is a bad time than a good time to make such investments. In the

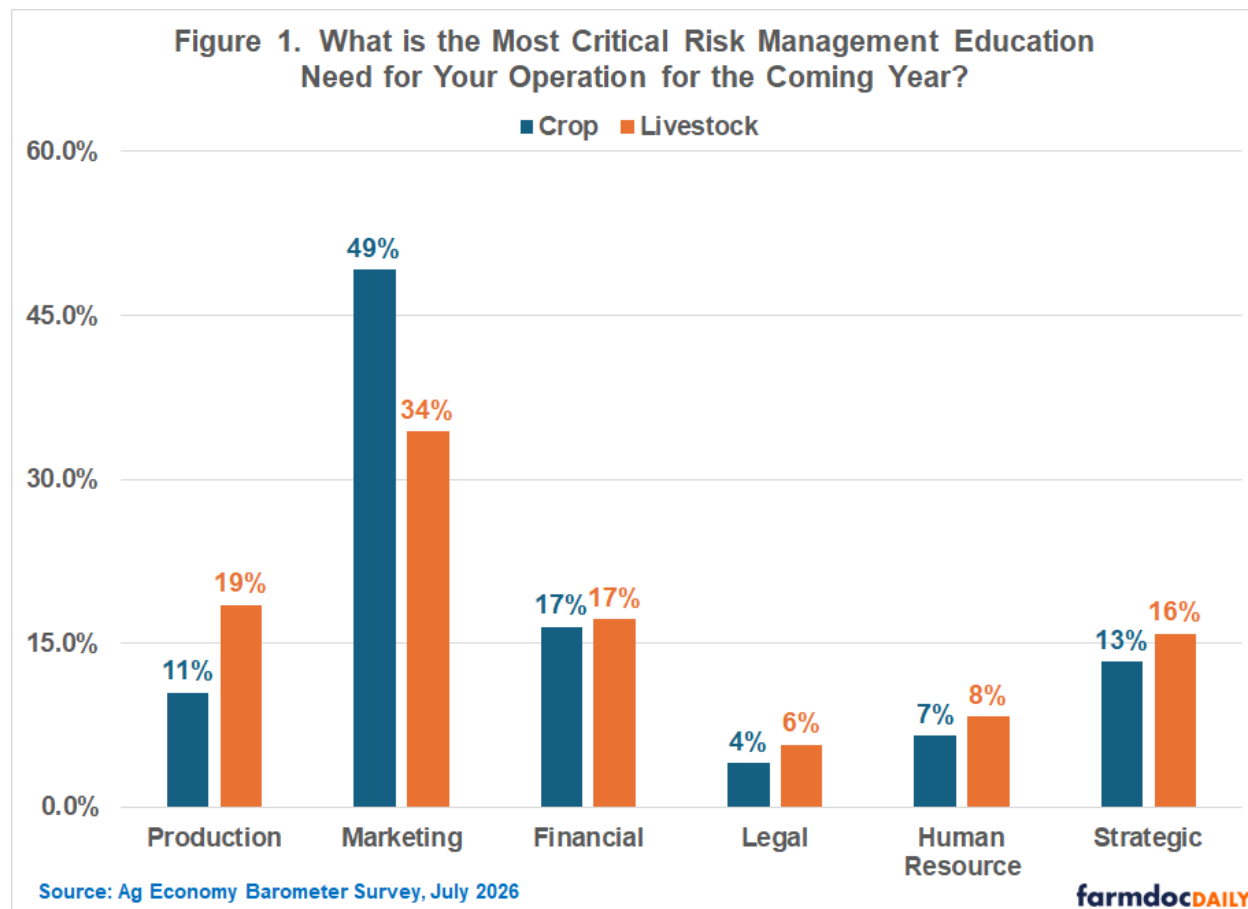
July 2026 AEB survey, the index was 48 for crop farms and a slightly more optimistic 53 for livestock farms.

The Financial Performance Index measures whether a farm expects its financial performance to be better than, worse than, or about the same in the next 12 months. An index below 100 indicates that more farms expect their performance to be worse rather than better in the next 12 months while an index above 100 indicates that more farms expect their performance to be relatively better in the next 12 months. The average index for July was 101. The average index for crop farms was 98, while livestock farms, with a reading of 105, were more optimistic.

Another monthly AEB question asks respondents to identify their biggest concerns for their farm using the following response choices: lower crop and/or livestock prices, high input costs, environmental policy, farm policy, interest rates, and availability of inputs. High input costs were the biggest concern for both crop and livestock farms. Likewise, high input costs were identified by both crop and livestock producers as the most important factor limiting financial performance this year. Sentiment regarding exports in the next five years, the possibility of new export markets, and whether the U.S. was headed in the right direction or on the wrong track were similar between crop and livestock producers.

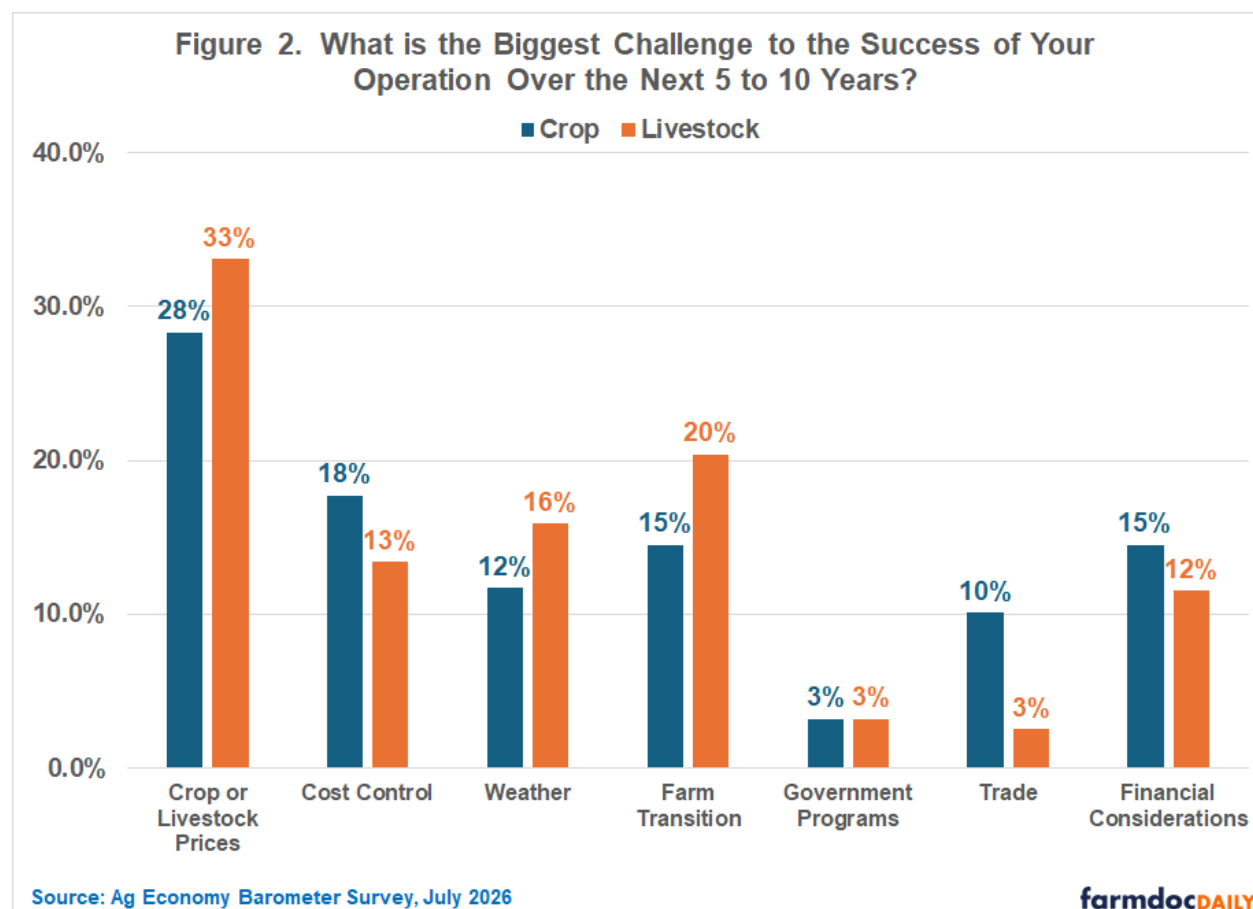
Most Critical Risk Management Educational Needs

The July 2026 survey included a question that asked respondents to identify their most critical risk management educational need for the upcoming year. Risk categories included production, marketing, financial, legal, human resources, and strategic. For both crop and livestock producers, marketing risk management was chosen as the most important educational need, selected by 49% of crop producers and 34% of livestock producers (see Figure 1). Financial risk was chosen by 17% of crop and livestock producers, and strategic risk was chosen by 13% of crop producers and 16% of livestock producers.



Biggest Long-Term Challenges

Respondents were also asked to select the biggest challenge to their operation over the next five to ten years given the following choices: crop or livestock prices, cost control, weather, farm transition, government programs, trade, and financial considerations. Consistent with answers to the risk management educational need question, crop or livestock prices were clearly the biggest challenge facing both crop and livestock producers, selected by 33% of livestock producers and 28% of crop producers (see Figure 2). Farm transition was chosen by 15% of crop producers and 20% of livestock producers as the biggest challenge, while financial considerations were selected by 15% of crop producers and 12% of livestock producers.



Conclusions

Given the large differences in commodity prices received and projected net returns, it was not surprising to find a substantial gap in producer sentiment between crop and livestock producers in the July 2026 AEB survey. Other survey results, however, were more consistent across farm types. Input costs were the biggest concern and the most mentioned limiting factor to financial performance for both groups. Likewise, marketing risk management was the most important educational need by both crop and livestock producers, while output prices were identified as the biggest challenge facing respondents over the next five to ten years.

These similarities suggest that, although current financial conditions differ between crop and livestock farms, producers across both sectors are dealing with many of the same underlying pressures. Managing costs, improving marketing decisions, and responding to uncertainty in commodity prices will likely remain central to farm management strategies in the years ahead.

References

Langemeier, M. and J. Colussi. "After Three Months of Decline, Farmer Sentiment Rebounds in July." Purdue University-CME Group Ag Economy Barometer, August 4, 2026. Available at: (<https://ag.purdue.edu/commercialag/ageconomybarometer/>).